## Indian Statistical Institute, Bangalore

B.Math (Hons.) I Year, First Semester Backpaper Examination - Dec 2011

Time: 3 hours Analysis I Instructor: C.R.E.Raja Maximum marks: 50

## Answer all questions, each question is worth 10 marks

- If (a<sub>n</sub>) and (b<sub>n</sub>) converge, prove that:
   i)(a<sub>n</sub> ± b<sub>n</sub>), (ca<sub>n</sub>) and (a<sub>n</sub>b<sub>n</sub>) converge for any constant c and ii)(a<sub>n</sub>) is bounded.
- 2. (a) Let f: R → R be a function. Prove that f is continuous at x ∈ R if and only if lim f(x<sub>n</sub>) = f(x) for any sequence x<sub>n</sub> → x.
  (b) If f: I → R is continuous and x, y ∈ I with s lying between f(x) and f(y), prove that there is a t between x and y such that f(t) = s.
- 3. Let f: (a, b) → R be a uniformly continuous function. Then prove the following:
  (a)lim<sub>x→a</sub> f(x) exists,
  - (b) there is a continuous function  $F: [a, b] \to \mathbb{R}$  such that F = f on (a, b).
  - (c) f is bounded.
- 4. (a) Let  $f, g: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  be functions such that f'(x), g'(x) exist with  $g'(x) \neq 0$  and f(x) = 0 = g(x) for some  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . Prove that  $\lim_{t \to x} f(t)/g(t) = \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)}$ .

(b) Let  $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  be a differentiable function. Prove that f is convex if and only if f' is increasing.

5. Let f: R → R be a differentiable function.
(a) If f'(t) ≠ 1 for all t ∈ R, prove that there is at most one x ∈ R such that f(x) = x.

(b) If  $\sup_{t \in \mathbb{R}} |f'(t)| < 1$ , prove that f has a unique  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  such that f(x) = x.